The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME XLIII. THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1883—TEN PAGES. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE

BEE-HIVE

CLOAK

Department AHEAD OF ALL. We sold since Monday over 400 Cloth Talmats, trimmed with fur, at $5.00 each, and we have still some left.

THE

BEE-HIVE

have advertised bargains unless they have qualities.

NEVER

Have such low prices been known for READY-MADE CLOAKS as at the present time. Failure follows failure in the East, and the opportunities are simply marvelous.

Every Retail Cloak House

Can afford to sell cheap now, if they only desire to do so, but

THE

BEE-HIVE

Beats Them All.

Fresh Goods Arriving Daily!
No Quantity Is Too Large for Us!
Because the Bee-Hive Has the Trade!

Not One-Third Off,

As some advertise,

Or One-Half Off,

As others advertise,

But Positively LESS than one half the original cost of material.

Just Think of It!

A Seal Plush Garment, 22 inches long, satin-lined, with genuine seal trimmings, would be a bargain at $60.00; our price—not $40.00, not $30.00—but

Only $25.00!

GO TO HEADQUARTERS.
GO TO THE

BEE-HIVE

ALL-WOOL
HEAVY-WEIGHT JERSEYS,

In colors and black. Cheap value at $2.25 each.

Our price, - $1.25!

Braided Jerseys,

Extra fine quality,

At $2.25 Each!

Others ask $4.00 for the same article.

VISIT OUR

BOYS' CLOTHING

DEPARTMENT

If you desire to save some money on your boys' outfits.

SPECIAL FOR TO-DAY.

250 Boys' Suits, complete, at $1.75.

300 Boys' Overcoats, ages from 10 to 16 years, at $2.75 each.

Over 100 styles of Overcoats to select from.

Morgenthau, Bauland & Co.,

174 and 176 State-st.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC!

THE BEE HIVE,

State-st., opposite Palmer House Entrance.

Will not be able to open its doors this (Thursday) morning until

10 O'CLOCK.

WE HAVE PURCHASED FROM

JOHN V. FARWELL & CO.

In this city, the Entire Stock of Goods

DAMAGED BY WATER

AT THE

GREAT CONFLAGRATION!

ON SATURDAY LAST.

The Five Stories of our large store are filled with stock in anticipation of Immense Holiday Trade, but we could, nevertheless, not resist this great temptation.

WE PURCHASED THE GOODS

All of Them! Every Yard! Every Piece!

AND THEY MUST BE SOLD.

We are compelled to make room wherever it is possible, and hence our inability to open our establishment this morning before 10 a. m. instead of 9 a. m. the usual hour.

We are forced to distribute the damaged goods on the various floors of our establishment, in order to accommodate the immense quantities.

Not Damaged by Fire!
Not Damaged by Smoke!
Only Damaged by Water!

MERINO UNDERWEAR
FOR GENTS AND LADIES.

50 Cases Gents' Shirts and Drawers (Winter Goods), in White and Gray, at . . . 25 cts. each
25 Cases Ladies' White Merino (Winter Weight) Vests and Drawers at . . . 50 cts. each
FULLY WORTH 50 CTS. EACH.
40 Cases Scarlet Underwear for Ladies and Gents, regular $1.50 goods, at . . . 75 cts. each
20 Cases Scarlet Underwear for Men only, the very finest quality, regular $2.50 goods, at . . . $1.00 each

All the various brands of Muslin, including Fruit of the Loom, Lonsdale, &c. All at 5 cts. per yard.
Unbleached Muslins, 5 cts. per yard.
Canton Flannel, 5 cts. per yard.

5
5
5

All-Linen Towels At 5 cts. each.
All-Linen Russian Crash At 5 cts. per yard.
Pure Linen Handk'fs At 5 cts. each.
Nottingham Lace Curtains At 5 cts. each.
Best Calicos At 5 cts. per yard.

HOSIERY
FOR MEN, LADIES, AND CHILDREN.

5,000 Dozen, including over thirty different styles, worth from 50 cts. to 75 cts. per pair.
The choice of all at 25 cts. per pair.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.

5,000 pieces Chemises and Nightgowns, choice of all at
49 cts. each.
None worth less than $1.00 apiece; some worth $1.75 to $2.25.

15,000 PAIRS OF BLANKETS,
IN ALL WEIGHTS, AT ALL PRICES.

4,000 BLANKETS AT $1.00
7,000 BLANKETS AT 2.75
10,000 BLANKETS AT 4.00

GLOVES.

100 Doz. Biarritz Wool-Lined Kid Gloves and Kid Mittens, goods sold regular at $1.75, sent at 75 cts. per pair.
800 Doz. Kid Gloves only slightly damaged, sold regular at 1.50 to 2.00, including 2-button Real Kid, 4, 6, 8, and 10-button MOUSQUETAIRES, all at the uniform price of 50 cts. per pair.

UNLIKE OTHER SALES

Which we have recently inaugurated, we shall not be able to duplicate the Bargains above advertised after the quantities on hand are disposed of.

In some instances the quantities are extremely large, in others they are small.

WE PROPOSE TO GIVE THE PUBLIC ALL, WITHOUT EXCEPTION. Some lots may last but a short time, others may last for many days. None will last very long, because the prices are low enough to secure the largest quantity. FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED.

Mail orders for this particular sale cannot receive any attention.

No Damaged Goods in our Millinery Department!

But, nevertheless, astonishing Bargains in Hats, Flumes, and Tips.

We Have Engaged One Hundred Additional Clerks

For this sale, and shall endeavor to satisfy all.

MORGENTHAU, BAULAND & CO.,
174 and 176 STATE STREET.

IMPORTANT SALE
OF
CLOAKS

At Enormous Reductions from Recent Prices.

C. A. COUTANT & CO.

Will offer TODAY, Dec. 6, the GREATEST

Sacrifice Sale
OF
Ladies' and Children's Cloaks

Of all kinds ever attempted in Chicago. Recent purchases in the New York market will enable us to give our customers such bargains as we never dreamed it possible to do. We did not buy these goods to keep. WE MUST HAVE THEM TO SELL, and to sell quickly.

Read the List of Astonishing Bargains.

Every Garment is guaranteed of the very best quality as to material, cut, and workmanship, and we can fit every size in Ladies from 32 to 44 inch bust, and in Children from 3 to 16 years.

Fine Diagonal Newmarkets in Myrtle, Seal Brown, etc.
At $10.00,
Positive Value $20.00.

Ottoman Silk Russian Circulars
At $20.00,
Worth $35.00.

Elegant Ottoman Russian Circulars
At $15.00,
Actual Value $25.00.

Extra Heavy Jersey Jackets,
At $5.00,
Worth $10.00, $12.00, and $15.00.

Imported Cloth Dolmans Slightly on the Outlet.

C. A. COUTANT & CO.,
145 State-st.

BANKRUPT STORE,
204 and 206 State-st.

$100,000 worth of Damaged Goods from J. V. Farwell & Co.'s late Fire now on sale at Great Bargains. Call early and avoid the rush.

BANKRUPT STORE,
204 & 206 State-st.

S. SHIREK.

20 Per Cent

Discount on all HEAVY OVERCOATS ordered of us from Dec. 24 to Dec. 31st next. Also 10 per cent on all other garments ordered during the same period.

ELY & CO.,
TAILORS.

Real Estate and Loans.

REAL ESTATE Bought, Sold, and RENTED on Commission. A large list constantly to select at our office.

LOANS on Real Estate made promptly at current rates, including building loans, to responsible parties.

LORD & SHOLEY,
97 La Salle-st.

Morgan Park

THE GOLDEN EAGLE.

$10 Suits, - $10.00
$12 Suits, - 12.00
$15 Suits, - 15.00
$10 Overcoats, 10.00
$12 Overcoats, 12.00
$15 Overcoats, 15.00

These are all NEW GOODS, our OWN MAKE, just from our factory, and not unsalable styles that wholesale dealers have been glad to get rid of. No merchant tailor can produce such garments for double the price we ask.

THE GOLDEN EAGLE,
136 & 138 Madison-st. 144 to 148 Clark-st.

Samples, with rules for self-measurements, mailed on application.
HENRY L. HATCH, Manager.

S
SEA
A

WOULD REMIND YOU THAT

Only 3 Days

Remain

In which to close the most

STUPENDOUS
SACRIFICE SALE
EVER ATTEMPTED
ON STATE-ST.
OF
SILKS!
RIBBONS! LACES!
AND
HANDKFS!

And you will certainly admit upon inspection that

Sea Sells Cheapest

122 & 124 State-st.

$500 REWARD.

The above reward will be paid for the arrest and conviction of the author or parties who stole certain books and papers from our office, about 1, 17 displaced, the names Cooley, Farr, Drake, and the following Shorthand writers, and will also be paid for the return of all the property so stolen.

FRANK S. WATERS.

TEETH

BANKRUPT STORE

GRAND
Holiday Carnival!

Grace Courtland!

The Witch of Wall Street!

Queen Glory of the World, Belle, Lady Rich Speculator, Financier, Orator, Humorist, Editor, etc., has been engaged by us for the

Week Commencing Dec. 10,

At a salary of thousands per week. She is a writer for the press and a brilliant conversationalist, prominent in the press and public to be the most remarkable woman of the age. Her predictions have always come true. She predicted the crash of the memorable BANK, of the United States, in 1868. She predicted the great decline in stocks in 1873. The great Chicago conflagration, etc., etc., which read up from 40 cents to $1.50 per bushel.

The New York World says:

"Miss Courtland is a very fascinating lady, with the silvery tone of an angel and the grim clutches and the bright eyes of a girl of 18."

JAY GOULD,

Jerome Kinney, Vanderbilt, Russell Sage, and other Money Kings are amongst her patrons.

The New York "Times" says of the latter "Grace Courtland, the Witch of Wall-st., on ground of Clairvoyant, Evil Eye arrested, is a very elegant woman, and delivered her lecture in a fashionable and enthusiastic audience."

Further particulars will be found in the Sunday Tribune and Times, Dec. 9.

WE OFFER THE FOLLOWING

Special Bargains

THIS WEEK:

1 dozen Ladies' Silk Handkfs. for 25 cents.
Gents' All-Wool Scarlet Underwear for 25 cents.

Bargains in All of Our Departments. Call Early and Avoid the Rush.

BANKRUPT STORE,
134 & 136 State-st.,
S. SHIREK.

WRITERS

CHRISTMAS AND WEDDING PRESENTS.

Seekers after Christmas and Wedding Presents will find the most complete stock of

Imported and Domestic

WATCHES.

Gem Diamonds,
Rubies,
Sapphires,
Emeralds,
Oriental Pearls,
and
Cateyes,
SET AND LOOSE.

Bronzes, French Clocks,
and
Brass Goods.

Sterling Silverware.

Late Designs in Gold Ornaments for Personal Adornment.

And many Novelties just received from the factories, manufactured specially for our Holiday Trade of 1883-'84.

All goods marked in plain figures.

Parties desiring to do so can make their selections before the rush and have them until wanted.

N. MATSON & CO.,
S.W. Cor. State and Monroe sts.,
CHICAGO.

Chas. Gossage & Co.,
State and Washington sts.

MILLINERY DEPT.

Will display tomorrow and the day following

A NEW AND ELEGANT LINE
OF
Evening Pattern Hats.

ALL OUR
HATS,
FEATHERS,
BIRDS, and
FLOWERS
Offered at a Reduced Prices.

SOMETHING EVERY LADY OUGHT TO KNOW.

There exists a means of securing a soft and brilliant Complexion, no matter how poor it may naturally be. Hagan's Magnolia Balm is a delicate and harmless article, which instantly removes Freckles, Tan, Sallowness, Roughness, Eruptions, Vulgar Flushings, etc., etc. Its delicate and natural effects are its effects that its use is not suspected by anybody.

No lady has the right to present a disfigured face to society when the Magnolia Balm is sold by all druggists for 75 cents.

SHIRTS

"Ready Made" and "Made to Order."

WILSON BROS.,
113 and 115 Madison st.

WASHINGTON.

Ben Butler Denounces Grover Cleveland's Policy—The Committees—Randall's Course.

Retirement of Chief Clerk McPherson After Many Years' Service—The Pneumatic.

Delays in the Senate Consequent on Mr. Anthony's Illness—Holmes and Bribeberger.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 5.—[Special.]—The Democratic Democrats are anxious to know what Mr. Cleveland is going to do regarding Mr. Randall's position. Some of them insist on plain speech upon the subject, but Mr. Randall, for the reason, who is supposed to be Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, commanding upon Mr. Cleveland's assurance to a group of friends, said: "I do not care a damn." In response to the note addressed the committee of which it is supposed he is to be Chairman will be an "appropriation" and legislative bill. Randall is still disposed to talk much about the economical composition. He says he has no influence to navigate boards, and will find he should endeavor to make the appropriations a sufficient. He has often come to the house of his party, and helped to save it from getting deeper into the bog into which Cameron and Rankin had led it.

Speaking to a friend of the latter's nomination, Mr. Randall said: "They may say platforms, and I shall endeavor to make them stand upon it. I do not know how we shall respond."

THE COMMITTEES.

In the knocking-out speech Monday Mr. Carlisle will find unanimity among himself in the inherent task of announcing the committees. His friends declare that he has created without any pledges as to Chairmanships, and that he should have the unfettered right to appoint the men he thinks will best carry out the views of the party. His management points to and the announcement of the committees before adjournment rather than the political philosophers hopes to Christmas. The Speaker, it seems, with the making of the committees and announcing the usual amount of advice. When the Democrats met in caucus, and he is at the Capitol, his office is besieged by anxious applicants. He does not see the Democrats as he did formerly, and the contests and his influence will be proportionately diminished. Another task upon which the Speaker depends is the Rivers and Harbors Committee, concerning upon which there is a great contest. Mr. Randall has been urged to appoint a majority of Democrats, and should have opposition that position. He would not, however, attend as a member of the committee and take part in preparation of the bill, but would exercise his influence in secret. He would not, however, attend as a member of the committee and take part in preparation of the bill, but would exercise his influence in secret. He does not quite agree with Randall on the River and Harbor bill, and will oppose it. He says he is not a member of the committee, and will not be responsible for it. He says he is not a member of the committee, and will not be responsible for it.

The anti-Allison men have held a conference and decided to endeavor to devise a plan by which to place money in Treasury depositories without the aid of Mr. Allison and the Republican caucus to-morrow night. Mr. Logan, the Democratic leader, will be present, and will be asked to support the plan. Mr. Logan, the Democratic leader, will be present, and will be asked to support the plan. Mr. Logan, the Democratic leader, will be present, and will be asked to support the plan.

THE CENSUS.

Mr. Bellamy has prepared a bill to repeal the act providing for the taking of the census of 1884. He says he has been informed that the census of 1884 is not necessary, and that the money appropriated for it can be used for other purposes. He says he has been informed that the census of 1884 is not necessary, and that the money appropriated for it can be used for other purposes. He says he has been informed that the census of 1884 is not necessary, and that the money appropriated for it can be used for other purposes.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

The Republican Senators have not had a word for several days. They have been unable to agree as to the Presidency pro tem. of the Senate, the appointment by the Democrats of new officers, or the appointment of committees. The desire to harmonize on the attitude of some Senators toward George Pendleton, candidate for Secretary, the election of John Sherman, and the illness of Mr. Anthony, to fear have united that Mr. Anthony, who has had a very large amount of life, is going to have still to command during the session, and the organization has to wait temporary duties to allow. Garfield and the Democrats have an advantage. Mr. Edmunds declares to serve. He desires to remain his duties as Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, and has very important matters of work he wishes to take charge. They are the Supreme Court, Electoral Count bill, Presidential succession bill, and Civil Service bill. Mr. Edmunds is very earnest in support of all these great measures and wishes to give particular attention to them. It could not be given to the bill to act as the senior Democratic officer, besides the duties of the chair are distasteful to him. It does not necessarily understand precisely that Mr. Edmunds would be appointed, but he does not wish the office. He is to be relieved the chair, and does not wish to enter from the garret to the presiding officer of the Senate. A few have suggested the name of John Sherman for President pro tem. of the Senate, but the Democratic Senators do not favor the suggestion. Mr. Sherman would be acceptable to the Democrats, but he is not a candidate for the position. He is not a candidate for the position. He is not a candidate for the position.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

Senator Garland's bill to amend the Civil Service law will be reported to the Senate by Senator Edmunds, who has also introduced a bill to amend the Civil Service law. The Republican Senators have not had a word for several days. They have been unable to agree as to the Presidency pro tem. of the Senate, the appointment by the Democrats of new officers, or the appointment of committees. The desire to harmonize on the attitude of some Senators toward George Pendleton, candidate for Secretary, the election of John Sherman, and the illness of Mr. Anthony, who has had a very large amount of life, is going to have still to command during the session, and the organization has to wait temporary duties to allow. Garfield and the Democrats have an advantage. Mr. Edmunds declares to serve. He desires to remain his duties as Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, and has very important matters of work he wishes to take charge. They are the Supreme Court, Electoral Count bill, Presidential succession bill, and Civil Service bill. Mr. Edmunds is very earnest in support of all these great measures and wishes to give particular attention to them. It could not be given to the bill to act as the senior Democratic officer, besides the duties of the chair are distasteful to him. It does not necessarily understand precisely that Mr. Edmunds would be appointed, but he does not wish the office. He is to be relieved the chair, and does not wish to enter from the garret to the presiding officer of the Senate. A few have suggested the name of John Sherman for President pro tem. of the Senate, but the Democratic Senators do not favor the suggestion. Mr. Sherman would be acceptable to the Democrats, but he is not a candidate for the position. He is not a candidate for the position. He is not a candidate for the position.

THE PNEUMATIC.

A number of members of the Senate and House of Representatives have appointed to-morrow morning to visit the Pneumatic Tube Company's works in this city, and examine the system of sending mail matter by compressed air. The Postmaster-General has also been invited to be present. The Postmaster-General has also been invited to be present. The Postmaster-General has also been invited to be present.

THE APPROPRIATIONS.

The following is a list of the appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, which have been made by the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and which will be reported to the House for its action:

[illegible]	$ [illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]

NEW YORK.

Grant Rumored that James R. Keene is to Deny Water Financially.

An Effectual War Against Overhead Telegraph, Telephone, and Electric-Light Wires.

Trade in Bills of Lading—The Last Pile-Butt—The Bonanzky Pierrys Rising.

[SPECIAL TO THE TRIBUNE.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—[Special.]—It was reported on Wall street late this afternoon that Mr. James R. Keene, the clearing speculator, was to become a director, and would probably be elected at the company's annual meeting, which occurs next week. The meeting affords the customary assurance. The meeting will be a meeting to the story caused a re-port to circulate to-day that Mr. Keene was not there on the street. Mr. Keene was not there on the street, but he was in his residence in Fourth street early in the morning, failed to discover him. He had gone out and would not be home until very late, he was told, but could be found at the office of Mr. Keene. At the latter place no trace of the alleged fugitive could be had. Mr. Keene's [illegible] was issued, and he was the recipient of many of the others. At the Windsor Hotel the report had been heard but called unbelievable. It was said that Mr. Keene was one of those absent of Congress [illegible] who have a bad for any [illegible] to discover him. He has

The Tribune.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

TERMS BY MAIL.

PUBLISHED ...

OFFICE ...

AGENTS.

TERMS BY MAIL.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1865.

Fair weather. Signs that it may not last long.

S. T. Hamilton has been appointed Secretary of State of New Jersey.

Farragut, U. S.N. was yesterday entertained, and will go to Cuba for his health.

The celebrated Swiss Boat race will be called for the next Sunday at Hoboken, N.J.

At Cleveland, O., yesterday morning a railway locomotive dropped into the river at a bridge approach and failed to float.

A great input of passengers in Cleveland, despite its apparent occupied principally by Jews and Turks. Hundreds of houses tenant.

Mr. Glassbrook has appointed the Hon. Sir Edward Sullivan, Bart. his intimate personal friend, Lord Chancellor of Ireland.

Seven prominent people are to disappear on the Rebel, Cinema, and Egg Carnation in Cincinnati, the proceedings of which are pleasant to our telegraphic witness.

Fenwick, well-known as the "Pyramid fraud," was yesterday acquitted of the charge of murdering his child. The jury believed that he was insane when the deed was done.

Last evening a fuel connected with the works of the Portland Gaslering Company at the Black Earth explosion, severely injuring four men and two boys and wrecking a premises loss of $5,000.

At a meeting of agriculturists in London, the sentiment that Austria should be permitted to send cleared beef but should a prohibition from shipping live cattle to Great Britain was most applauded.

The English silver reported to be lying in vaults at Bilbao, in the Pyrenees, is supposed to be Don Carlos's, who visits with Rome Pasha, secretary to the Vienna Prince's letter on the campaign.

Albany and Lorraine are to be thoroughly connected. Meanwhile, the Protective Governor, has sanction the resolution passed by the District Bar of Upper Alsace allowing the use of French in debate.

Grand Sanction of the Pennsylvania Legislature will adjourn today. Absolutely nothing has been accomplished in the way of appropriations after a long session which has cost the State hundreds of thousands of dollars.

Efforts are being made to induce the Germans who received Offenbach to sign a petition for a reconsideration of the matters. Some of the Germans are willing to forget their public with merit, but it is believed that the majority will refuse to consider.

A celebration of workingmen belonging to the Conservative party voted on Lord Salisbury in London yesterday to thank him for the stand he has taken in the discussion following the publication of "The Edict by Order of Colonel Lynch." The Knights made the statement that he owned considerably little property in London, whereas the Conservative has been proved that he is one of the heaviest holders among the "upper ten."

Secretary of Illinois, is still kept in favor with Carlisle. Hewitt, of New York, is Second Lieutenant. Randall is a fallen star, and has joined the common herd of place-hunters for the sake of securing the favor of the friends who supported him. The anti-pools (workmen are simply distantly of Carlisle, and the science ship is much displeased with the new Speaker's "constitution."

Congress did nothing yesterday. Today it will do nothing probably, and will adjourn till Monday. Will work the House will enjoy the pastime of doing nothing till the week before Christmas, at which time it will be plain sailing until the week after New-Year's. The danger of doing something now accuses the Democratic party. The chiefs of clerks are beginning to "rush."

The taking of testimony in the case of the "Pyramid" fraudsters was concluded yesterday, and the District Attorney made his opening argument to the jury. Counsel for the defense will speak today, and the case will go to the jury before or tomorrow. The feature of the proceedings was the testimony of D. A. Locke, brother of one of the indicted speculators, which, however, shed little light on the peculiar transactions of the leaders.

Judge Dent, the youth who killed the editor Dukes, was arraigned for trial at Uniontown, Pa., yesterday. The town was thronged with people. Senator Cameron, with four other eminent lawyers, appeared for the defense. Eighty jurors were examined, but only four were found competent to serve in the trial. Thereupon the defense moved for a change of venue, and the case was transferred to the City of Pittsburg. It seems that the people of Uniontown have taken sides in the matter, many being so bitter against Dent as the majority are earnest in his defense. It is thought the boy will surely be acquitted when tried outside of his own county.

The Tribune's special cable dispatches of yesterday morning anticipated the Associated Press of this morning on very important news, as will appear from the following:

The Tribune also printed yesterday an special cable the opinions of the London newspapers on the President's message, good enough for the Associated Press this morning, and it printed Tuesday morning, or forty-eight hours in advance of the Associated Press, the substance of Lord Lyons's remarks at Birmingham, which will appear to our esteemed contemporaries this morning.

MR. JUDGE WILLIAMS'S RESIGNATION.

The Morning Tribune, etc. does widely speaking, the question of polygamy in Utah, the case to the front only to the surface, and demands a solution. The matter that admits to make the law express and trouble will be remedied upon the results. The statistics-books latter polygamy, and all is openly practiced. Last year measures were passed by Congress to enforce the law. Polygamists were disqualified from acting as delegates to Congress; suffrage was so regulated that polygamy disfranchised those who practiced it; a commission was appointed by the President to go to Utah, regulate the suffrage, and carry out the provisions of the act passed at the Fifteenth-hill. The failure of these measures is conspicuously followed by the fresh bill which Mr. Edmunds has introduced for the suppression of bigamy and polygamy, which, as it does not differ materially from the bill of last year, is also predestined to failure should it happen to become a law.

The President in his message briefly states the result of the new legislation, and it is not of an encouraging kind. Under the ex-ment (2,000 polygamists were disfranchised, but the election ever so strongly in favor of polygamy as if every one of them had voted. It was not vital to the interests of polygamy that they should vote. Their sons and their numerous wives and daughters did the work for them, and what more important result could the polygamists have achieved if they had voted in a mass? The Legislature is almost entirely Mormon, and strenuously in favor of polygamy, since the members were elected with the help of the polygamists and the powerful influence and patronage of the Church upon that issue and no other. It was the fullest response of polygamy to the lawmakers of the country, and since that election the dignitaries of the Church and the prominent defenders of the evil have been more trusted and outspoken than ever before in their defiance of the law and of the Government. The fault with the Edmunds bill is that it does not go deep enough. It sets off some of the thorns, but does not touch the root of the evil. It deals with it as if it were an isolated phase of Mormonism, instead of as being the fundamental principle upon which Mormonism is based, the sole revelation with which Brigham Young and the followers divested Mormonism from its first loftiness and prostituted it to the service of lust, and an underlying force which has so permeated the entire religion of Mormonism that it cannot be removed except by commencing at radix and digging it up by the roots.

That the President proposes, and his proposition will be warmly and enthusiastically indorsed by the people, the report of the speed of the act upon which the existing Government depends, the assumption by the National Legislature of the entire political control of the Territory, and the establishment of a commission with executive and judicial powers so that he delegated to it by law." This is the merest remedy, and it is the only remedy for the terrible evil—this last existing relic of barbarism in our land. It is laying the knife to the very root of the matter, and it only needs a few bold to overthrow it and Mormonism I from our National system, which is now poisoned by it. If Congress has any regard for the will of the people it will act promptly, before the Territory of Utah to the Academy which the Governor of Columbia holds in the Federal Government, adopt some firm, bold system of administration, and, supported by a firm public opinion, will speedily free Mormonism from its foul blasphemies and prostitution to the service of lust, and so materially ameliorate the condition of Utah as to make it a fit Territory for admission into the Union as a State.

THE LOAN QUESTION.

The President did well to direct the attention of Congress to the condition and the obligations imposed by certain foreign Governments upon American products and American consumers. After enumerating some of these—the statistics placed by Spain on American exports of food and seed to Cuba, notwithstanding the ostensible purchase of Cuban products by this country, and the heavy export tax levied by Brazil upon coffee purchased by Americans, the exorbitant charges on petroleum in most European ports, and the exclusion of certain food products by the European nations—he goes on to say in his message:

> In fact all attempts to provide some measure of reciprocity resulting in our relations with foreign countries have been abandoned, and the general policy of the world seems to be tending toward the restriction of commercial intercourse to the narrowest limits. Unless some measures can be taken to remove these restrictions, and to secure to our products in the markets of the world the same privileges which are accorded to the products of other countries, we must expect to see our foreign commerce rapidly decline, and the country impoverished by the constantly increasing balance of trade against us.

This suggestion follows the only efficient way to check the baneful evils to be protected from the greed and prejudices of nations which give no open American protection. The Executive should be intrusted with discretionary power to meet restrictions with other restrictions. It is but step to results of any coalition which would compel him to assume such a discretion, and Congress meets often enough and is in session long enough to assume such a function if it were ever questioned. It is only by prompt resolution that certain Governments can be made to recognize the rights of liberty in international trade relations, and the United States (commercial cannot have the privilege of availing itself of that policy without enacting in every specific instance the enactment of Congress, which special interests are apt to assert themselves in opposition to the general good.

How much injury results to American trade from foreign restrictions is apparent from a comparison between the exports and imports in commercial dealings with our nearest neighbors. The following is a statement of the course of trade with Brazil and the West Indies during last year:

	Exports.	Imports.
Brazil	$ 5,000,000	$ 15,000,000
Cuba	5,000,000	15,000,000
Spain	5,000,000	15,000,000
West Indies generally	10,000,000	40,000,000
Total	$25,000,000	$85,000,000

From this statement it appears that the people of the United States in one year buy from Brazil and the Spanish colonies in the West Indies nearly six times as much as they sell to the same, and this in spite of the fact that Cuba has every advantage in production, geographical situation, and cost of transportation. It is true that the high protective tariff maintained by our Government amounts in part to the suppressive suspension of exports, but the laws of Spain and Brazil are largely answerable for the loss of reciprocal trade. In Brazil, for instance, a heavy export duty was imposed upon coffee, which is the chief staple of the country, as does as the United States Government removed the import duty. Even acquiring for the Brazilian Government the revenue which the American Government had previously enjoyed, and compelling American consumers to pay as high a price as before the repeal of the import tax. Cheapness of the native resources of Brazil is derived from the export duty on coffee, and a yield in the neighborhood of $10,000,000 annually. And notwithstanding the United States Government absorbs two of every five dollars of Brazil the Brazilian Government imposes a heavy tax upon goods such everything which the people of that country import from the United States. In the case of the Spanish West Indies, the home Government is utterly indifferent to the welfare of the people who contribute so largely to its support, and discriminating taxes, charges, and penalties are imposed for the express purpose of compelling the inhabitants of Cuba and Puerto Rico to buy in Spain instead of the nominally cheaper markets at their very doors. This policy is pursued in the face of the fact that the people of the United States take two-thirds of the entire sugar crop of Cuba, and two-thirds of all other products. The United States Government should certainly protest in very plain against this deliberate and ruinous injustice, and the Executive should have the privilege of saying to European Governments which maintain hostile systems that they cannot use the United States territory as the dumping-ground for their enforced crops and injurious monopolies.

One of the first need to carry electricity for lighting Fifth avenue in New York under the other day. The last of a passing horse tested it; there was a purple flash and the horse fell dead on the pavement. Another horse stepped on it, and fell the same way. The driver was thrown to the ground, but escaped with a severe shock. Several persons who tried to assist the driver received slight shocks. Those who touched the horses received severe shocks. The electricity was evidently from a broken wire which had fallen across the horse's back. The fire-engine was called to the spot, and the wire was cut. The horses were dragged off, and the driver was taken to his home. The wire was one of the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company, which has a number of wires in the vicinity.

The President is entitled to special recognition for his record of the suggestion that as amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted submitting the Executive to control of particular forms and rules chosen by the appropriation bills. In all the States and other cities the greatest abuses in the law have originated in the necessity of raising money. When the treasury of the city arrived at the building of the Chicago Evening Journal Saturday night they were delayed for nearly two hours by the impossibility of getting their million past the crowd of wise-seers in front of the building. Every citizen of the city and more can a favored nation. But this law of these is not the worst feature of the enterprise that is practiced in front of every business block in the city. The National Engineer of the New York Fire Department declares that when fires occur everywhere the houses of that city will influence long lowered letters, in order to get of a burning building, they will cut a wire that may the next nearest water-main runs. If they have to choose between the loss of somebody else's property and the unnecessary ejection of their own, they will be very likely to prefer the fire to the property. These facts put the question of the abolition of the wires and poles from the streets of our cities out of the region of controversy. The presence of the electric light wires threatens life; that of the telegraph wires is a standing menace to property. They must all go. The suggestion of a prominent electrician that the large wires might be buried in the streets with the gas-pipes, water-pipes, steam-heating pipes, and the experiments of the electrical medical companies should continue in order to develop the short-circuit commendation of the underground works is perhaps as good a plan as any. But whether this or some other is the plan that will be best, one thing is clear: the wires must go.

Mr. J. D. Defrees, a respected citizen of Milwaukee, dipped into the newspapers at length that his mind became inflamed with a desire to overhaul the corporation. In due course he was taken, solemnly, to have fifty-six of his blocks of buildings which adjoined his dwelling-house. The result, however, could have taught the lesson of letting well enough alone. The Common Council gave Mr. Defrees five cents for the land he was thus compelled to sell, and the Supreme Court gave the Council one cent more than the Council had given. Mr. Defrees was thus compelled to pay the costs of the litigation, which amounted to about $1,000. Mr. Defrees is not the only one who has had occasion to deep down in the mines in America. The Boston Gazette, have become so numerous that the Gazette is thought to have a rather unfortunate variety.

Texas is a big place, and in the last Democratic census it is a question whether the Davis House South has voted in the Democratic-Johnson-Jones-Johnson-Democratic-Johnson-Democratic-Johnson-Democratic

AMUSEMENTS.

The First Symphony Concert of the Beethoven Society.

The first symphony concert of the season given by the Beethoven Society took place last night at Central Music Hall before a fair-sized audience. As in the work of the orchestra is considered by many to be equal to, if not superior to, that of the Thomas orchestra, the hall, from which the latter has drawn so well in the past, should be filled to its utmost capacity when the Beethoven Society gives its concerts. There seemed to be more people than common in the gallery last night, however, and the audience on the floor was not large enough numerically to balance the full complement of loud instruments contained in the orchestra of forty-seven pieces. There were also several evidences of inefficiency on the part of the conductor. Under Bruno Heinrich Conrad, Beethoven's Eighth Symphony was played in a manner that left much room for criticism, and during the last work, Mozart's Jupiter Symphony, the leader showed a decided lack of control over the orchestra on the part of the conductor. Under the circumstances it did not seem to be the fault of the orchestra that the work was not played to a finish. Mozart's Jupiter

POLITICS.

Counties Prohibitionists in Michigan and Illinois Preparing to Organize "Parties."

End of the First of the South Carolina Election Cases in a District.

Pennsylvania Legislature, with Two Exceptions, Drawing Full Pay for the Twelfth Extra Session.

THE PROHIBITIONISTS.

LANSING, Mich., Dec. 5.—[Special.]—The Executive Committee of the State Temperance Alliance is meeting here to-day, issued a call for a mass-convention at Jackson the second Wednesday in January to form a party.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 5.—The Illinois State Union Temperance Convention, which has been in session in this city for the last two days, completed its work this afternoon. The position was endorsed by the Temperance Union assembling in connection with the National Prohibition and Home Protection party. Much interest and has been excited by this action. The step was vigorously opposed by many of the delegates, some claiming that the movement was premature and others believing that the time for taking the position set was a few years hence. The convention was called to order at 10 o'clock this morning by Mrs. Leonard, of Chicago, and the Rev. Dr. George C. Chandler, of the same city, delivered the invocation and after the reading of the minutes and after the appointment of committees on credentials, permanent organization, order of business, etc., the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon. The committee on permanent organization reported the following officers, who were elected by acclamation: President, Mrs. Leonard, of Chicago; Secretary, Miss Frances Willard, of Evanston; Treasurer, Mrs. Bateham, of Chicago. Vice-Presidents—Mrs. Dr. Chandler, Mrs. Dr. Bateham, Mrs. Dr. Bateham, Mrs. Dr. Bateham

THE COURTS.

The "Dividend Fiend" Doesn't Work Well with Insurers Where There Are No Dividends.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

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Sanford's Radical Cure.

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TOBACCO CHEWERS A REWARD

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All by the Cast at Current Prices of Liquor.

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Colored Minstrels

FIFTEEN SINGERS.

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PRINCE METTERNICH.

ROBINSON'S

MUSEUMS.

WEST SIDE.—Ballet, new Talent.

SOUTH SIDE.—Cast, new Ballet.

W. C. COUP AND LITTLE'S

Great Chicago Museum.

CLARK & CONGRESS.

GREAT OPEN-AIR ATTRACTIONS!

ELEGANT FAMILY RESORT!

THE TALLEST MAN LIVING.

CENTRAL MUSIC HALL.

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HAVLEY'S THEATRE.

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BLACK CROOK.

LECTURE BY

JOHN B. GOUGH

AT THE

THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,

Thursday Evening, Dec. 6,

Subject—"POWERS THAT BE."

CENTRAL MUSIC HALL.

THE STODDARD LECTURES.

TONIGHT AT 8.

HAVLEY'S THEATRE.

J. K. EMMET,

IN FRITZ, THE BOHEMIAN.

HAVERLY'S THEATRE.

PIQUE.

HAVERLY'S

Zoological Garden and Winter Circus

A WORLD OF MIRTH!

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

THE TOURIST'S SPECIALTY CO.

SHIELD'S ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

MISS ADELAIDE CHERIE.

National Panorama.

Battle of Gettysburg.

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THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Capt. G. W. Daniels, U. S. A., is at the Grand Pacific.

Ralph Wicks, of New Zealand, is at the Grand Pacific.

S. S. Scott, of Saskatchewan, Ia., is at the Sherman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Taylor Lawton, Esq., are at the Grand Pacific.

J. B. Sawyer, of Pittsburg, and James N. Vaughn, of Evanston, are at the Sherman.

J. W. Walcott, proprietor of the Hotel Vendome, of Boston, is at the Grand Pacific.

H. James Weston, of Tuscaloosa, and David Anderson, of New Zealand, are at the Sherman.

Gen. James S. Negley, commander of Fort Bridger, Wyoming, wife, and daughter, are at the Palmer.

Ex-Mayor Chas. Lewis, H. Wainwright, and the Rev. W. H. Hunt, of Springfield, Ill., are at the Palmer.

The silver wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Eddy will be commenced at their residence, No. 1015 Calumet avenue, Wednesday, Dec. 17.

The Hon. Mr. Sewell, Minister of Canada to the Government of Lincoln, and party left Chicago yesterday noon for Southern California by the Rock Island Road.

Gen. Winfield S. Hancock and staff passed through the city yesterday, on his way from Omaha to a special car on the Rock Island Road. They might as well stop.

A. T. Stackpoole, General Secretary of the U. M. C. A., with Mr. Stackpoole, have returned to the city after completion of arrangements for the Pacific coast. During their absence they visited with the association workers of Omaha, Denver, Sacramento, San Francisco, Virginia, Carson, Salt Lake, Ogden, and Cheyenne, the U. M. C. A. State Convention at Sacramento, &c.

C. B. Norton, Secretary of the American Association of Patent Products, Arts, and Manufactures, which has been attracting public attendance to Boston during the last session, is at the Grand Pacific. Mr. Norton proposes to this point of the Chicago promoters of that association to co-operate or act in concert with the parties to bring the grand of the exhibition to this city for display at the Exposition Building.

IN GENERAL.

Joseph Bonsell, a bachelor living at No. 151 West Seventeenth street, fell down a flight of stairs at Thirty-second street, and was severely injured.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Kennedy, optician, Tribune Building, was as follows: 7 a. m., 27°; 9 a. m., 31°; 12 m., 34°; 3 p. m., 34°; 6 p. m., 32°; 9 p. m., 30°; Barometer, 7 a. m., 30.05; 2 p. m., 30.12.

There was a large session of the Cigar-makers' Union last night, No. 15, held also the regular session of the Cuban Cigar-makers' Union, at Lincoln Hall, Twenty-second street, between Wabash avenue and Michigan boulevard. The latter union, we presume, is not connected with the one of a like name that has its hall in Tribune Hall.

At a special meeting of the Board Physicians' Association, it was decided to have a ball given at their next meeting, Dec. 15, with lunch and supper after the manner of the Medical Association's annual reception. Dr. Wm. Lee, of the Medical Association, was on the ball committee, but was excused, and all the remaining gentlemen found work for him.

At a special meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Chicago Orphan Asylum, held yesterday afternoon, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, William Bross; Vice-President, Charles Taylor; Secretary, Thomas Hoyne; Financial Secretary, Frank Scott; Treasurer, Jacob Rehm.

Ernest Fink, the proprietor of a German beer-saloon at No. 75 Randolph street, was robbed of $200 Tuesday night. His son, upon leaving the saloon, was taken from the room upon by one stranger. The bartender, a boy called Tim Burlingame Wise, was roughly handled by the same person, and having received a severe blow on the head, fell to the floor. On arrival was not consciousness.

The County Commissioners went to Jefferson yesterday on an official inspection of the bridge and inspection of the county buildings there. They were accompanied by the usual corps of lungsmen. Commissioner Wentworth did not join the excursion, and having once paid over the corner of his spectacles to the Commissioners' Court, the Commissioners voted to send to him County Hospital.

Trying the absence of the family yesterday the residence of John Hughes, No. 240 Sixteenth avenue, was burglarized, and about $40 worth of property, consisting of jewelry and clothing, taken. The officers were informed of the loss upon being by the burglar, and on the thieves placed bonds amounting, for both, plus John Hughes, at one hundred dollars. No arrests have been made in the case.

In a quarrel last evening John Lynch was probably shot by John Charles, operator at the Lake Street saloon. The other account of the affair goes. Charles and the wife of Lynch lodged the ball into him. The latter hastily drew his revolver and fired three shots at Charles, one of which took effect in the latter's left side. Charles was taken to the County Hospital, where he is said to be in a critical condition. The shooting occurred about 10 o'clock last night.

James Wright, a boilermaker, fell in a saloon, report the entrance to the Irving Park, yesterday from the effects of poison, a vial of which was found in his pocket. Word was sent the police shortly after noon that an officer was lying in the saloon, and upon arriving there Wright was found sitting in a chair dead. He left nothing to explain his suicide, but it is said he was a widower about six months ago, since which time he has been very much addicted to the use of liquor.

A correspondent writing from Moline, Ills., makes a description of the water supply and connected with the Fire Department. He gives a proper description to what he considers to be the best mode of service. The water is secured in an average and volume of a large tube, which is placed together like a telescope, and may be drawn in or extended to a length of [illegible]. The tube is completely sealed at the bottom of the cylinder, which by a system of machinery attached to any engine of large size, the pressure and volume of water may be drawn.

"Dr." J. Mattison Rose, the ophthalmic expert, whose misfortune was noted by the police, and brought Rose, Gale's "Juvenile," before examination before Justice Morrison yesterday on the charge of obtaining money on false pretenses, and was held to the Criminal Court in bail of $500 each. Rose was represented by the firm of Messrs. Goodrich and Gale, and the complainant was represented by the firm of Messrs. Hoyne, Miller & Lee. Rose took advantage of the opportunity afforded by the examination to [illegible] a statement of his case, which was [illegible] to be in substance as follows: He had been [illegible] by the police, and had been [illegible] to the Criminal Court, and [illegible] to the [illegible] of the [illegible] of the [illegible] of

THE CITY.

PERSONAL.

Capt. S. W. Dabois, U. S. A., is at the Grand Pacific.

Caleb Walsh, of New Zealand, is at the Grand Pacific.

R. E. Sears, of Bardstown, Ky., is at the Sherman.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Taylor, London, Eng., are at the Grand Pacific.

J. B. Sawyer, of Pittsburg, and James N. Knight, of Indianapolis, are at the Sherman.

A. W. Wiswall, proprietor of the Hotel Vendome, of Boston, is at the Grand Pacific.

H. James Weston, of Yokohama, and David Sanderson, of New Zealand, are at the Sherman.

Gen. James S. Brisbin, commander of Fort Keogh, Montana, wife, and daughter, are at the Palmer.

Ex-Mayor Chas. Lewis, H. Wentworth, and the Rev. W. S. Monk, of Springfield, Ill., are at the Palmer.

The silver wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Coke will be celebrated at their residence, No. 3010 Calumet avenue, Wednesday, Dec. 12.

The Hon. Mr. Russell, Minister of Customs to the Government of Canada, and party left Chicago yesterday noon for Southern California by the Rock Island fast.

Gen. Winfield S. Hancock and staff passed through the city yesterday, having for the first time in a special car by the Rock Island fast. They ought to stop.

A. T. Hemingway, General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., with Mr. Hemingway, have returned to the city after an absence of several weeks in the Pacific coast. During their absence they visited with the associations auxiliary of Omaha, Denver, Sacramento, San Francisco, Oakland, and Los Angeles, and also addressed the Y. M. C. A. State Convention at Sacramento, Cal.

C. B. Norton, Secretary of the American Exhibition of Foreign Products, Arts, and Manufactures, which has been attracting public attention to Boston during the last summer, is at the Grand Pacific. Mr. Norton proposes to bring the exhibition to this city for the winter season, and is now in consultation with the directors of the Chicago exposure of that character to ascertain whether or not it would be advisable to bring the plant of the exhibition to this city for display at the Inland Steel Building.

IN GENERAL.

Joseph Bonsch, a bricklayer, living at No. 414 West Seventeenth street, fell from a scaffolding on the premises at Thirty-second street, and was severely injured.

The temperature yesterday, as observed by Sergeant Hazleton, Signal Service Bureau, was as follows: 6 a. m., 37; 9 a. m., 41; 12 m., 45; 3 p. m., 41; 6 p. m., 41; 9 p. m., 41; 12 p. m., 41; 3 a. m., 41; 6 a. m., 41; 9 a. m., 41; 12 m., 41; 3 p. m., 40; 6 p. m., 40; 9 p. m., 40.

There was a closed session of the Chicago Commercial Club, No. 15, last evening, for the purpose of the election of the Auburn Park members. Adolph Sommer, the Democratic candidate, was present, but did not receive the votes necessary to his election. He will appear before the club at a future meeting.

At a special meeting of the Master Plumbers' Association it was decided to have a banquet and ball on their next meeting, Dec. 19, with lunch and supper after the lecture. It is the wish and desire of the members that the ladies be present at the lecture, and the committee having matters in charge will see to the matter and issue cards of invitation.

The three Texas Columbus have had the unusual experience this week of not receiving any money. Not a dollar has been received at the Treasurer's office, and the boys are getting rather discouraged. The committee having matters in charge will see to the matter, and issue cards of invitation.

John Wright, a bricklayer, fell from a ladder, caused the accident to be investigated by the Coroner's jury, and the verdict rendered was that the deceased came to his death by accidentally falling from a ladder, and that no blame was attached to any one.

A correspondent writing from Moline, Ill., makes a description of the most exciting fire ever connected with the Fire Department. To give a proper description, a sketch is necessary of the city of Moline. The town is constructed on a narrow and consists of a large hole, which is filled together like a telescope, and when it is desired to extend to a height of two stories or so extended to a height of three stories or more. This is the manner in which the people of Moline do their building. This is the only way to construct.

Dr. J. Hallett Plum, the ophthalmic surgeon, whose addresses were delivered by the public, and through Science, Dr. Plum's [illegible] commendation before Justice Woodward, committee to the charge of obtaining several [illegible] to take positions, and were told to the Grand [illegible] to call of said work. Science also [illegible] commended to the charge of scientific [illegible] the Lake Building, and [illegible] to the use of Dr. Plum. Such [illegible] Dr. Plum's [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

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TO RENT—ROOMS.

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WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

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SITUATIONS—FEMALE.

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LEGAL.

FINANCIAL.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNERS WANTED.

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HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

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MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

LAKE MARINE.

RAILROADS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PROPOSALS.

EDUCATIONAL.

LOST AND FOUND.

PERSONAL.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

TO EXCHANGE.

AUCTION SALES.

BUSINESS.

MUSICAL.